# Helicobacter pylori



lgG

IgA

CagA

VacA

GroEL

HpaA

FliD

gGT

HtrA

NapA

HP231

CtkA

React.-Control

Cutoff-Contr.

Conjugate

Contr.

# *recom*Line Helicobacter IgG 2.0 *recom*Line Helicobacter IgA 2.0

Line immunoassay using recombinant antigens for the detection and differentiation of IgG and IgA antibodies against Helicobacter pylori type I and type II

The gram-negative, microaerophilic bacterium was described in 1983 by Warren and Marshall. It colonises the human stomach and is able to persist there in the long term.

Approx. 50% of all humans worldwide are infected with Helicobacter pylori. While all those infected develop a chronic inflammation of the gastric mucosa, this leads to complaint symptoms only in a part of the patients. The Helicobacter pylori infection is believed to be linked to various gastric disorders, such as gastric ulcers, gastric adenocarcinomas and MALT lymphomas. As for its cause, host-related factors (social factors as well as nutritional and environmental factors) are, besides various virulent strains, also named as causal factors.

The *recom*Line Helicobacter 2.0 detects antibodies against ten selected Helicobacter pylori antigens. The detection of antibodies against the two most important virulence factors, CagA and VacA, is of high diagnostic significance. These two virulence factors markedly increase the risk of premalignant changes, gastric carcinoma, MALT lymphoma and ulcer. The humoral immune response to the biomarkers GroEL, HtrA, NapA, HP231 and CtkA is associated with a severe course of disease.

The *recom*Line Helicobacter 2.0 is the first serological test to present this selection of diagnostically relevant Helicobacter pylori markers.

## **Product advantages**

#### **Reliable diagnostics:**

- Excellent correlation with the gold standard of Helicobacter pylori diagnostics culture and histology
- Sensitivity: > 99% IgG-positive results in patients who are positive according to the gold standard
- Specificity: 100% IgG- and IgA-negative results in patients who are negative according to the gold standard
- Safe evaluation due to strip specific controls (reaction, cut-off and conjugate control)
- Take advantage of serology anytime reliable results even with low bacterial load
- CE label: The *recom*Line Helicobacter 2.0 tests meet the high standard of the EC directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices

## Meaningful diagnostics:

- Identification of highly virulent Helicobacter pylori type I infections by means of CagA
- Detection of antibodies against ten relevant biomarkers and virulence factors associated with severe courses of disease

## Fast and easy diagnostics:

- Fast and easy to use due to automation and software based evaluation
- Test procedure and reagents identical in all MIKROGEN line assays reagents exchangeable

Anti- gen	Description	Virulence factor	Specific for type I / type II	Anti- gen	Description	Virulence factor	Specific for type I / type II
CagA	Cytotoxin-associated gene A	~	Type I	gGT	gamma-Glutamyl Transpept- idase	$\checkmark$	Type I / Type II
VacA	Vacuolating cytotoxin A	$\checkmark$	Type I / Type II	HtrA	High temperature requirement serine protease A	-	Type I / Type II
GroEL	Chaperone	-	Type I / Type II	NapA	Neutrophil activating protein	~	Type I / Type II
FliD	Flagella hook associated protein	-	Type I / Type II	HP231	Oxidoreductase	-	Type I / Type II
НраА	Neuraminyllactose-binding hemagglutinin, Adhesin	~	Type I / Type II	CtkA	Serin/Threonin Kinase	$\checkmark$	Type I / Type II

## **Recombinant Helicobacter pylori Antigens**

## **Test Principle and Procedure**



1 <sup>st</sup> Incubation	A test strip loaded with Helicobacter pylori antigens is incubated with diluted serum or plasma in a dish for <b>1 hour</b> .
	wash 3 times
2 <sup>nd</sup> Incubation	Peroxidase conjugated anti-human antibodies (IgG or IgA specific) are added. Incubate for <b>45 minutes</b> .
	wash 3 times
Color reaction	<b>8 minutes</b> after addition of the coloring solution, in- soluble colored bands develop at the sites on the test strips occupied by antibodies.

**Diagnostic Specificity** 

## **Evaluation**

#### **Diagnostic Sensitivity**

<i>recom</i> Line Helicobacter 2.0		positive samples 139)	<i>recom</i> Line Helicobacter 2.0	Histology/culture negative samples (n=97)	
	lgG	lgA		lgG	lgA
negative	1	51	negative	97	97
borderline	0	0	borderline	0	0
positive	138	88	positive	0	0
sensitivity	99,3%	63,3%	specificity	100 %	100 %

## Examples: IgG analysis of clinically defined patient samples

	Helicobacter pylori positive / premalignant changes (int. metaplasia, atrophy)				
lgG lgA Cutoff- Control VacA FliD gGt NapA CtkA ReactContr. / CagA GroEL HpaA HtrA HP231	∑ Sum of points				
positive (HP Type I)	21				
positive (HP Type I)	20				
positive (HP Type I)	15				
positive (HP Type I)	20				

Helicobacter pylori positive / simple gastritis				
lgG lg. ReactContr.	A Cutoff- Control VacA FliD gGt NapA CtkA / CagA GroEL HpaA HtrA HP231	∑ Sum of points		
positive (HP Type II)		9		
positive (HP Type II)		11		
positive (HP Type I)		18		
positive (HP Type I)		15		

Article No.

Storage

+2°C - +8°C

4774 *recomLine Helicobacter IgG 2.0* Reagents for 20 determinations
4775 *recomLine Helicobacter IgA 2.0*

Reagents for 20 determinations

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